





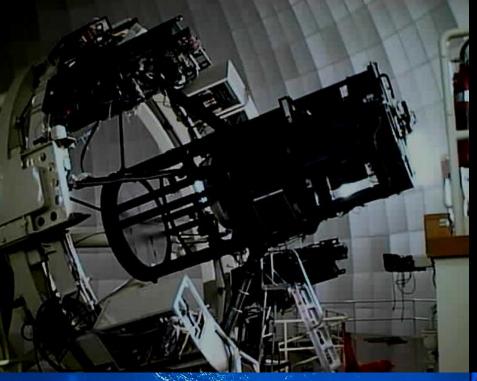
Things to do with data: Biomedical research databases & data sharing

Dr Jonathan Tedds @jtedds PI BRISSKit Senior Research Fellow Health & Research Data Informatics University of Leicester

http://www.brisskit.le.ac.uk @brisskit

Oxford, 3rd Dec 2014



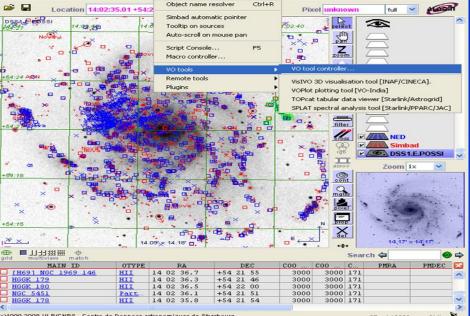








Aladin v5.0 *** BETA VERSION (based on v5.023) *** File Edit Image Catalog Overlay View Tool Help

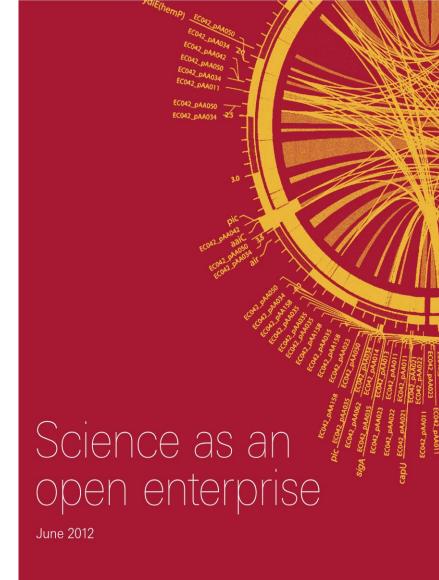


(c)1999-2008 ULP/CNRS - Centre de Donnees astronomiques de Strasbourg

27 sel / 3636 sro 8Mb 🎽

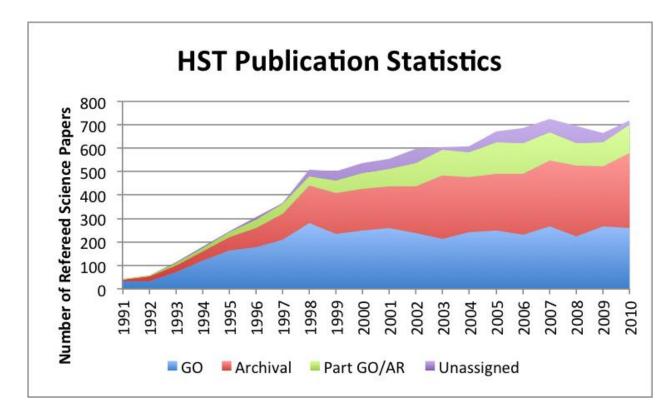
Why open?

- As a first step towards this intelligent openness, data that underpin a journal article should be made concurrently available in an accessible database
- We are now on the brink of an achievable aim: for all science literature to be online, for all of the data to be online and for the two to be interoperable. [p.7]
- Royal Society June 2012, Science as an Open Enterprise, <u>http://royalsociety.org/policy/projects/science</u> <u>-public-enterprise/report/</u>
- Issues linking data to the scientific record:
 - Data persistence
 - Data and metadata quality
 - Attribution and credit for data producers
- Geoffrey Boulton (Edinburgh), Lead author:
 - "Science has been sleepwalking into crisis of replicability...and of the credibility of science"
 - "Publishing articles without making the data available is scientific malpractice"



ROYAL SOCIETY

Data Reuse: asking new questions



Hubble Space Telescope

- Papers based upon reuse of archived observations now exceed those based on the use described in the original proposal.
 - <u>http://archive.stsci.edu/hst/bibliography/pubstat.html</u>
- See also work by Piwowar & Vision re life sciences: "Data reuse and the open data citation advantage"
 - <u>http://peerj.com/preprints/1/</u>



We are committed to openness in scientific research data to speed up the progress of scientific discovery, create innovation, ensure that the results of scientific research are as widely available as practical, enable transparency in science and engage the public in the scientific process.

- To the greatest extent and with the fewest constraints possible publicly funded scientific research data should be open, while at the same time respecting concerns in relation to privacy, safety, security and commercial interests, whilst acknowledging the legitimate concerns of private partners.
- Open scientific research data should be easily discoverable, accessible, assessable, intelligible, useable, and wherever possible interoperable to specific quality standards.
- To ensure successful adoption by scientific communities, open scientific research data principles will need to be underpinned by an appropriate policy environment, including recognition of researchers fulfilling these principles, and appropriate digital infrastructure.



Scale of the problem: who, what, when where....?

Opening a can of data-sharing worms By Hilda Bastian | September 10, 2013 | = 2

http://blogs.scientificamerican.com/absolutely-maybe/2013/09/10/opening-a-can-of-datasharing-worms/

- Timothy Vines and colleagues studied reproducibility of data sets in zoology and changes through time
 - gathered 516 papers published between 1991 and 2011
 - then they tried to track the data down...
- Even tracking down the authors was a challenge

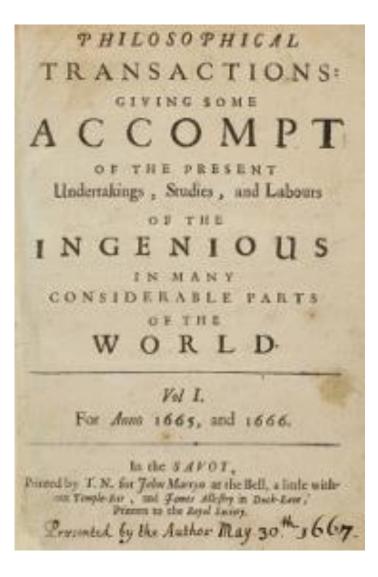
Absolutely Maybe

Absolutely Maybe Home

Evidence and uncertainties about medicine and life

- Over time a dwindling minority of papers were accompanied by author email addresses that still functioned
- only 37% of the data even from papers in 2011 were still findable and retrievable
 - proportion dropped each earlier year
- For papers published in 1991
 - only 7% of the data could be determined to truly still be in existence and retrievable
 - few authors could be found, and most of them were reporting that their data were lost or inaccessible

This isn't new...



Henry Oldenburg

- inveterate correspondent
- now think of as scientist
- Had idea to publish Philosophical Transactions (1665):
 - Should be written in vernacular not Latin
 - Underlying evidence must be concurrently published
 - Helped propel Europe at the time
 - Concept of scientific self correction
 - able to write it's errors
- Wrote: "thought fit to employ the [printing] press......Universal Good of Mankind"
 - How do we achieve these ends in the post-Gutenburg era?

Data as a "public good" (2011)

RESEARCH COUNCILS UK

Home

Funding

Research

Funding

Areas of

Research

Research

Research

Priorities

Peer review

Eligibility for

fundina

remits

Terms and Conditions of

fEC Grants

Terms and Conditions of

Research Council

How to apply for

research funding

which may cross

Research Council

Research Council

Research Council

Training Grants

Applications

Cross-Council

Research and





Research Careers



Engagement with Research



Knowledge Exchange and Impact





Publications



Efficiency

Excellence with Impact

Home > Research and Funding > RCUK Common Principles on Data Policy

RCUK Common Principles on Data Policy

Making research data available to users is a core part of the Research Councils' remit and is undertaken in a variety of ways. We are committed to transparency and to a coherent approach across the research base. These RCUK common principles on data policy provide an overarching framework for individual Research Council policies on data policy.

Principles

- Publicly funded research data are a public good, produced in the public interest, which should be made openly available with as few restrictions as possible in a timely and responsible manner that does not harm intellectual property.
- Institutional and project specific data management policies and plans should be in accordance with relevant standards and community best practice. Data with acknowledged long-term value should be preserved and remain accessible and usable for future research.
- To enable research data to be discoverable and effectively re-used by others, sufficient metadata should be recorded and made openly available to enable other researchers to understand the research and re-use potential of the data. Published results should always include information on how to access the supporting data.
- RCUK recognises that there are legal, ethical and commercial constraints on release of research data. To ensure that the research process is not damaged by inappropriate release of data, research organisation policies and practices should ensure that these are considered at all stages in the research process.
- To ensure that research teams get appropriate recognition for the effort involved in collecting and analysing data, those who undertake Research Council funded work may be entitled to a limited period of privileged use of the data they have collected to enable them to publish the results of their research. The length of this period varies by research discipline and, where appropriate, is discussed further in the published policies of individual Research Councils.
- In order to recognise the intellectual contributions of researchers who generate, preserve and share key research datasets, all users of research data should acknowledge the sources of their data and abide by the terms and conditions under which they are accessed.
- It is appropriate to use public funds to support the management and sharing of publicly-funded research data. To maximise the research benefit which can be gained from limited budgets, the mechanisms for these activities should be both efficient and cost-effective in the use of public funds.



Public good Preservation

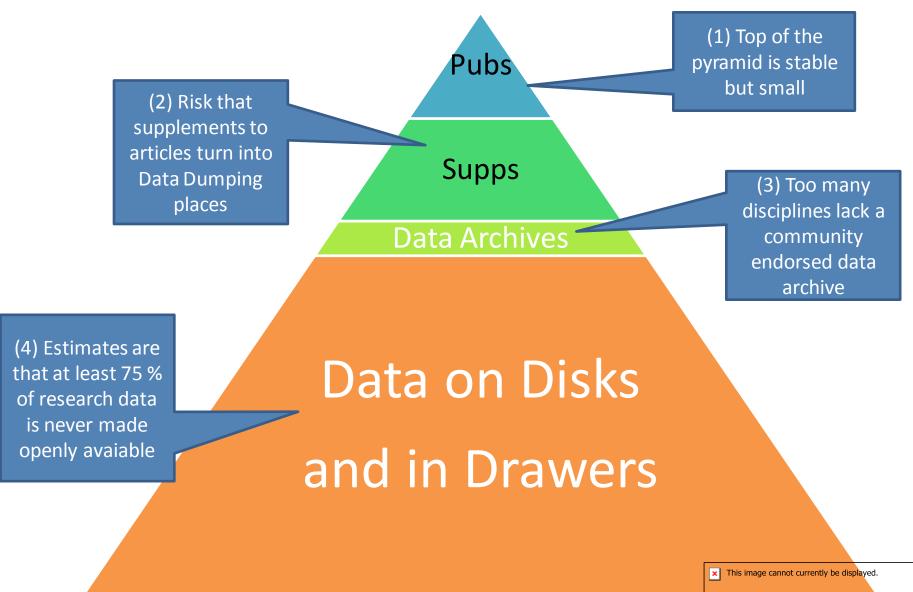
- Discovery
- Confidentiality
- First use
- Recognition Public funding

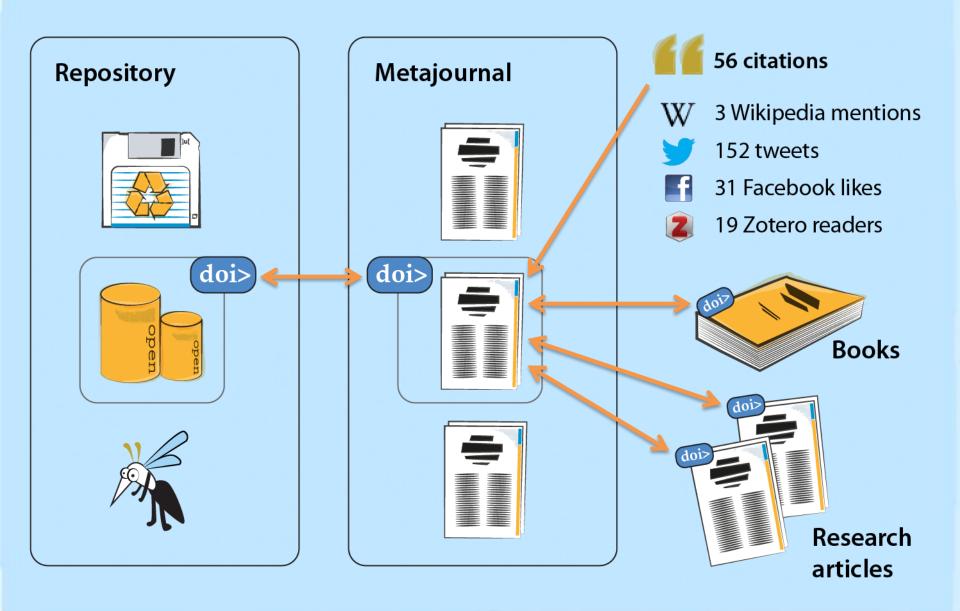
Open Access RCUK Commor Principles on Data Policy

So what do we mean by publishing data?

- The familiar:
 - Supplementary tables via journal or
 - Archived raw or calibrated facility data
 - Discipline specific and institutional / national archives
- Data under the graph?
 - In order to reproduce and adapt article analysis
- "Research ready" open data
 - In order to reuse and repurpose
 - for interdisciplinary researchers, community, business
 - Ideally peer reviewed?

ODE Data Publication Pyramid:





]u[

Structure of a data paper:



A data paper...

- ... describes the methodology with which a dataset was created.
- ... describes the dataset itself.
- ... details the reuse potential of the data.
- ... is often authored by a data scientist.
- ... is citable, enabling reuse to be tracked.

A data paper is <u>not...</u>

- ... a research paper. A data paper only describes a dataset. But it will reference research papers that are based on the data.
- ... simply replication of the information in a data repository.



Peer review





1. The paper contents

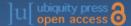
- a. The methods section of the paper must provide sufficient detail that a reader can understand how the resource was created.
- b. The resource must be correctly described.
- c. The reuse section must provide concrete and useful suggestions for reuse of the reuse.

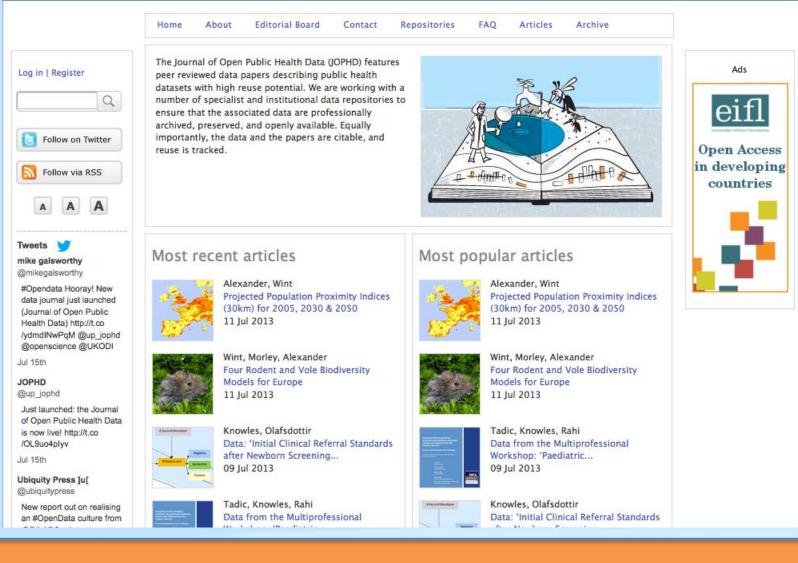
2. The deposited resource

- a. The repository must be suitable for resource and have a sustainability model.
- b. Open license permits unrestricted access if possible (e.g. CCO), or guarantees controlled access if unavoidable.
- c. A version in an open, non-proprietary format.
- d. Labeled in such a way that a 3rd party can make sense of it.
- e. Must be actionable.

&upmetajournals

open health data





]u[

It's a long road....

What do researchers need to make this all possible?

- Incentives citations, promotion, support long way to go
- Institutional and funder policy framework mostly there now
- Appropriate discipline specific community centres of expertise - rare, mostly limited to big science niches or very broad but poorly sustained
- Institutional support services for the basics pilots to date
- Software tools that are open and can be adapted on the way
- Welcoming and reasonable journal homes!



PREPARDE: Peer REview for Publication & Accreditation of Research Data in the Earth sciences

Jonathan Tedds (Leicester), Sarah Callaghan (BADC), Fiona Murphy (Wiley), Rebecca Lawrence (F1000R), Geraldine Stoneham (MRC), Elizabeth Newbold (BL), Rachel Kotarski (BL), Matthew Mayernik (NCAR), John Kunze, Carly Strasser (CDL), Angus Whyte (DCC), Becca Wilson (Leicester), Simon Hodson (Jisc) and **#PREPARDE** project team

+ Geraldine Clement Stoneham (MRC), Elizabeth Newbold, Rachel Kotarski (BL) on data peer review

http://www.le.ac.uk/projects/preparde









From Mayernik et al. 2014 Most cited Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society (BAMS) articles. Data from Web of Science, gathered on June 11, 2013

http://journals.ametsoc.org/doi/abs/10.1175/BAMS-D-13-00083.1

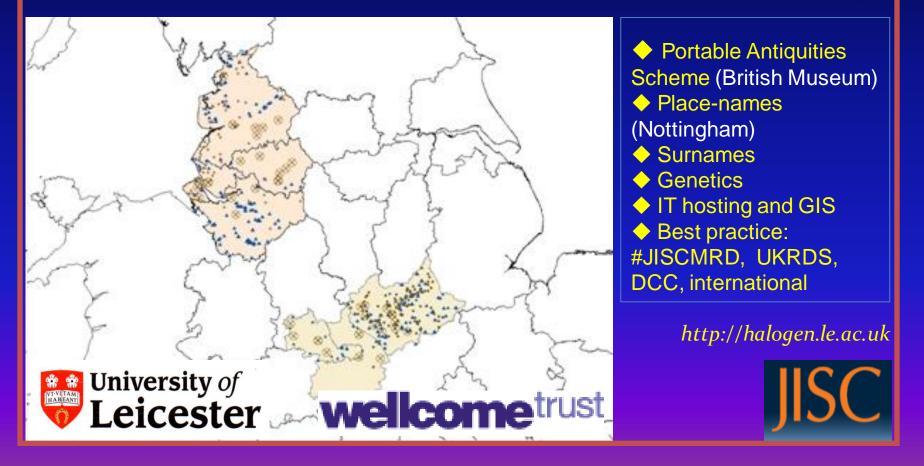
Article	Data paper?	Citations	Article details				
1	Yes	10,113	Kalnay, E; et al. The NCEP/NCAR 40-year reanalysis project, 1996.				
2	No	3,201	Torrence, C; Compo, GP. A practical guide to wavelet analysis, 1998.				
3	No	2,367	Mantua, NJ; et al. A Pacific interdecadal climate oscillation with impacts on salmon production, 1997.				
4	Yes	1,987	Kistler, R; et al. The NCEP-NCAR 50-year reanalysis: Monthly means CD-ROM and documentation, 2001.				
5	Yes	1,791	Xie, PP; Arkin, PA. Global precipitation: A 17-year monthly analysis based on gauge observations, satellite estimates, and numerical model outputs, 1997.				
6	Yes	1,448	Kanamitsu, M; et al. NCEP-DOE AMIP-II reanalysis (R-2), 2002.				
7	No	1,014	Baldocchi, D; et al. FLUXNET: A new tool to study the temporal and spatial variability of ecosystem-scale carbon dioxide, water vapor, and energy flux densities, 2001.				
8	Yes	902	Rossow, WB; Schiffer, RA. Advances in understanding cloud from ISCCP, 1999.				
9	Yes	900	Rossow, WB; Schiffer, RA. ISCCP cloud data products, 1991.				
10	No	877	Hess, M; Koepke, P; Schult, I. Optical properties of aerosols and clouds: The software package OPAC, 1998.				
11	No	815	Willmott, CJ. Some comments on the evaluation of model performance, 1982.				
12	No	815	Trenberth, KE. The definition of El Nino, 1997.				
13	Yes	785	Woodruff, SD; Slutz, RJ; et al. A comprehensive ocean- atmosphere data set, 1987.				
14	Yes	776	Meehl, G.A.; et al. The WCRP CMIP3 multimodel dataset - A new era in climate change research 2007				

Enabling Open Data Publishing

- Active Data Management Planning
 - built in at proposal stage
 - Local institutional tweaks of funder and local templates
 - Implemented and evolved in project
 - Data Management Plan as a live, evolving object
 - Annotate data on the fly lab notebook approach
 - Curated & preserved using permanent identifiers
 - Appropriate repository and data collection descriptors

HALOGEN (History, Archaeology, Linguistics, Onomastics, GENetics):

Throwing light on the past through cross-disciplinary databasing



HALOGEN

HALOGEN Home | Query | Guide | FAQ | Partners | License | Contact us

Key to English Place-Names

Data provided by the Institute for Name-Studies at the University of Nottingham.



County boundaries - © Great Britain Historical GIS Project, University of Portsmouth.

Search by county:	ALL COUNTIES			
Click on the counties on the map, or select from the list. Hold Ctrl to select multiple counties from the list.	Bedfordshire Berkshire Buckinghamshire Cambridgeshire Cheshire Cornwall			
Search by language:	ALL LANGUAGES			
(Hold Ctrl to select multiple languages.)	Celtic French Old English Old Norse Latin	W		
	Anglian	Ŧ		
Search by element: Hover your mouse over	ALL ELEMENTS	•		
the elements for their definition, or look at the list of valid elements. Hold Ctrl to select multiple elements from the list.	-aco- -an -binde -dwostle -ek	III		
	-ell	Ŧ		
	-			
Search by place name:				







BENEFITS

- New research opportunities
 - Cross database work seed new research samples
- Scholarly communication/access to national resources
 - Key to English Place Names (Nottingham)
 - Portable Antiquities Scheme (British Museum)
- Verification, re-purposing, re-use of data
 - Cleaning & enhancing private research datasets for reuse & correlation
 - No re-creation of data
 - Increased transparency
 - excellent training for best practice in research data management
- Increasing research productivity
 - Build in cleaning, annotation, enhancement into normal research workflows
 - research datasets may immediately be reusable and interoperable
- Impact & Knowledge Transfer
 - Reuse IT infrastructure
- Increasing skills base of researchers/students/staff



Reward – Leverhulme Trust funding £1.3m! **The Impact of Diasporas** on **The Making of Britain**

Evidence

Memories

Inventions





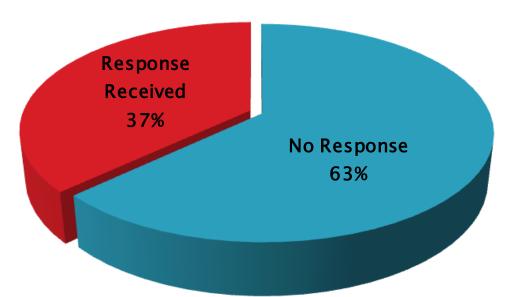
Top Tip: how to get researchers' attention?

🖻 Modify Costing No. 9 (Application Version)		×
Research Data Management /		
IMPORTANT: The University and funding bodies require that researchers demonstrate that they have planned for the		
management of research data over the project life cycle. Please indicate if:		
1. Your research may use or generate research data that is sensitive or confidential		
(including Commercial in Confidence)?	Yes	3 🖹
2. The project will require advice in planning and costing your IT and research data management requirements		
(including secure and reliable storage) either before, during or after completion?	Yes	3 🖹
Responding Yes' to the above questions will be logged with IT Services for the appropriate team to make contact.		
Please tick this box if you wish to hide the title of the research project in this notification	Hide Title	✓
Disco contest the IT Academic and Descende Lisicon term for eduice in good time before submission		
Please contact the <u>IT Academic and Research Liaison team</u> for advice in good time before submission.		
✓ Continue X Cancel		

Leicester

Research costing - only part of the answer

Researcher Responses to Contacts Made





Find & Share



Do you know how to...

find existing information resources related to your research?

Where can you find research data that you can repurpose or combine with your own to produce new research?

share data with your collaborators securely and effectively?

Whether building a collaborative proposal, generating results for others to comment on or sharing the final outputs of your research – how will you link with your colleagues ahead of wider sharing?

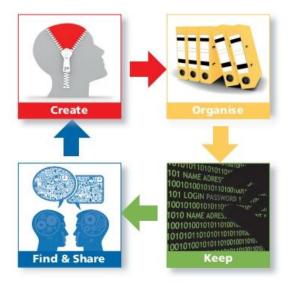
deposit your research data and outputs in an open repository?

Is there an appropriate disciplinary or institutional repository and what do you need to do to deposit your research output? Plan ahead to avoid refactoring...

publish your research, and get it cited as well?

Institutions and data centres must make research data reusable to others while providing credit to the researchers who did the work. Your future career could depend on it! Chances are you could use some helpful pointers in all of these!

To find information, support, advice and training, as well as links to external resources, go to www.le.ac.uk/researchdata



email: researchdata@le.ac.uk







What would you do if you lost your research data tomorrow?

Take the research data health check... and find help to secure, share and exploit your valuable research.



www.le.ac.uk/researchdata

Create



Organise



Keep

Have you...

fully understood your research funders' data management requirements?

Government and funders require that publicly funded research is made available for reuse – are you up to date with their latest policies? Your future funding might depend on it!

written a data management plan?

Your funder may already require this but build it in from the proposal stage to avoid headaches in the future.

gained ethics approval/consent?

Writing a data management plan will aid planning and help you to navigate ethics and governance requirements.

protected your intellectual property?

Leaving intellectual property considerations for a rainy day could lose you appropriate credit, damaging career prospects and perhaps your financial future health!

Are your research files and data...

] clearly described, in terms of content (using standard metadata)?

Ask yourself honestly: is there a danger of data being lost? Will you be able to remember how you generated your data, and will you or anyone else be able to find it in the future when you wish to reuse and share?

clearly labelled with versions and dates?

How will you remember which was *the* definitive version and which dataset was used in producing a given research outcome?

logically structured and named?

Once you've remembered **how** you generated data, can you still **find** the relevant files?

future-proofed against broken links, using persistent identifiers?

The persistent identification of digital resources can play a vital role in enabling their accessibility and re-usability over time using recommended data standards.

Do you know...

how to restrict access to your research data to the right people?

Have you consulted with university or data centre experts so that only the right people have access to your research?

which data to keep and which data to discard?

Managing research data effectively means being selective: which data to discard and when as well as what to keep and for how long?

] how securely your data is stored?

What happens if your storage media fail? How resilient is it? Could it get left on the train and could somebody else misuse it?

how your data is backed-up?

Have you made use of university and/or external resources to back up data so that you have multiple copies in case of loss or theft?

Suggested timeline for implementing institutional research data management

Near term (up to a year)

Get key players from across institution together: Identify objectives for Research Data Management (RDM)

Raise awareness and make use of existing general training materials e.g. DCC101

Identify and benchmark existing central provision for RDM, including research information systems, grant costing & staff support services

Identify, disseminate and develop current exemplars to conduct basic audit of RDM. Seek quick wins with high profile academic champions

Draw on external expertise, build links with potential partners

Medium term (1-3 years)

Establish a formal University wide Committee to develop & ratify policies on RDM; disseminate benefits & cost savings

Design and pilot institution-wide and discipline-specific training drawing upon local support and guidance

Appraise RDM provision & conduct gap analysis to develop business case. Benchmark levels of maturity of RDM infrastructure & support

Develop portfolio of projects to reuse infrastructure, build RDM capacity in further key groups

Formalise links to external partners & stakeholders where necessary

Long term (>3 years)

- RDM is embedded across faculties & central services, subject to periodic review, ensuring information flow and support is co-ordinated
- Roll out institution-wide and discipline-specific training to all new staff & students. Periodic review and update of materials
- RDM service in place and involving all stakeholders. Periodic benchmarking and target setting

RDM and Policies developed at faculty level; Key academic groups are engaged; central services in widespread use across the institution

RDM effectively integrated with shared UK and international services; quality assurance in place

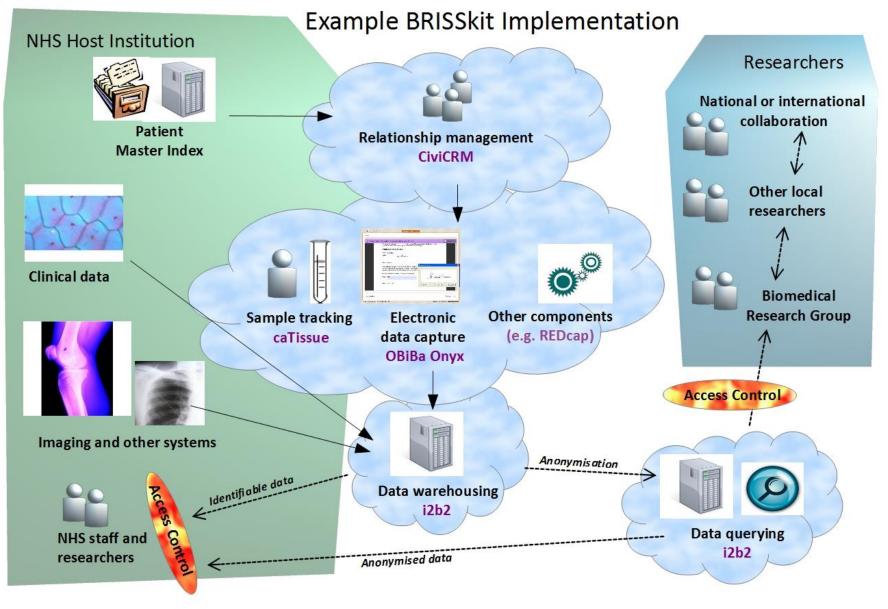
From Whyte & Tedds (2011), DCC Briefing http://www.dcc.ac.uk/resources/briefing-papers/making-case-rdm

Challenge for institutions

- Rise to scientific and research challenge
 - Not just a management challenge
 - Responsibility for the knowledge they create
- Library
 - "Doing the wrong things through the wrong people"?
 - Challenge for library to enable:
 - curation of data and publications
 - active support from data scientists
 - from centralised to dispersed support
 - Expert centres essential!
- IT Service
 - Provide research data platforms for researchers:
 - Active storage
 - Enable collaboration
 - Connect to preservation services through Library

Enabling Open Data Publishing

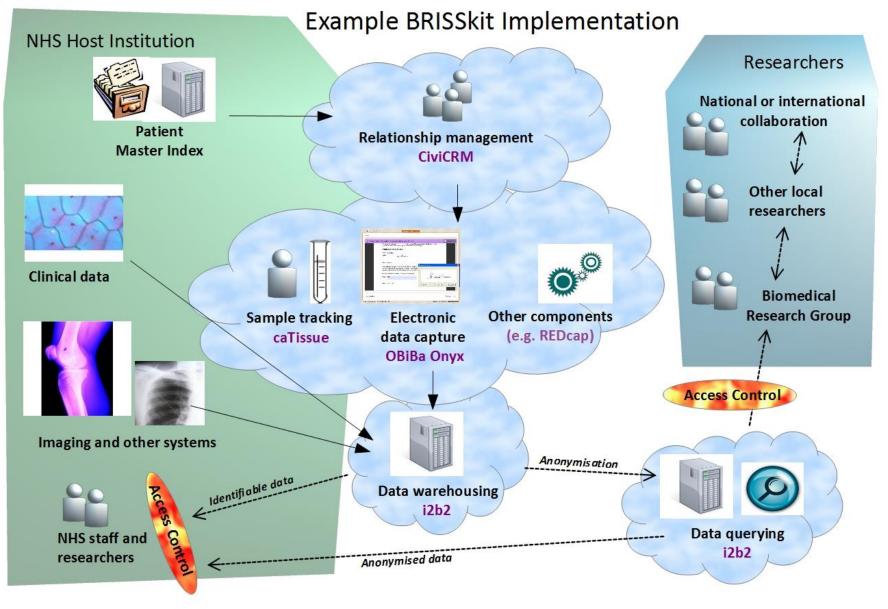
- Active Data Management Planning
 - built in at proposal stage
 - Local institutional tweaks of funder and local templates
 - Implemented and evolved in project
 - Data Management Plan as a live, evolving object
 - Annotate data on the fly lab notebook approach
 - Curated & preserved using permanent identifiers
 - Appropriate repository and data collection descriptors



BRISSKit CiviCRM: patient cohort management

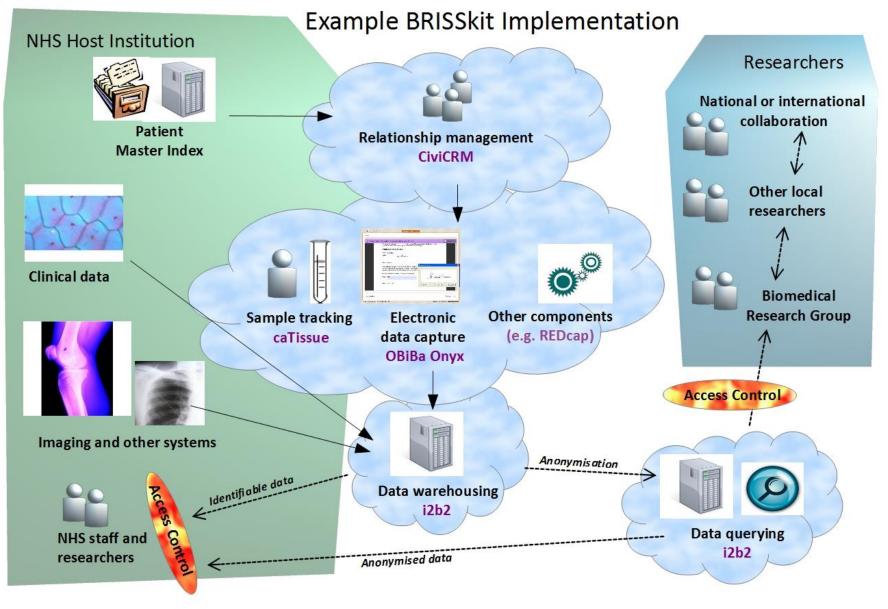
s p	Home Searc	ch Contacts	Recruitments Reports /	Administer	Help								
t Find content													
			Home > CiviCRM										
Create N			CiviRecruitment D	ashboa	rd								-
Cleaten	<u></u>			nd My Recru							• All Recruitment	s with Uncoming	Activities
Recent	t Items				littlents								
	MAD		Summary of All Recr										
				Ongoing	Resolved	Urgent	Self-withdrawn	Completed	Screen fail	In study	Investigator withdrawn	Lost to followup	Other
My Contar	ct Dashboard		Housing Support	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		0	0
	idividual		Adult Day Care Referral	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		0	0
First Name			RespiratoryResearch	39	0	0	0	1	0	0 0		0	0
]	All Recruitments Wit	h Uncomi	na Activitie	ie.							
Last Name	e:	1			-	.0							
Email:		-	Client	Subject		Stati	із Туре	My Ro	le Recru Mana	iitment ger	Next Sched.		
Save	C	earch	BLOMPENHEFFLE, JANICE 01509 377665 Recruitment ID: 1		cally added to oryResearch	Ongo	ing RespiratoryRe	search	Respir	Leicester atory Biomedical rch Unit	Organise appointment November 8th, 2013 12:00 AM	Manage Delete	more 🕨
	30		 HOGGLESPROUT, ANGELINA 0116 2888333 Recruitment ID: 2 		cally added to oryResearch	Ongo	ing RespiratoryRe	search	Respir	Leicester atory Biomedical rch Unit	Consent to be added to recruitment DB November 8th, 2013 12:00 AM	Manage Delete	more 🕨

- Manages studies: enables end-to-end contact management for volunteers and research participants
- track approaches, contact, responses, recruitment, exclusions
- object model that reflects community building and non-profit relationships



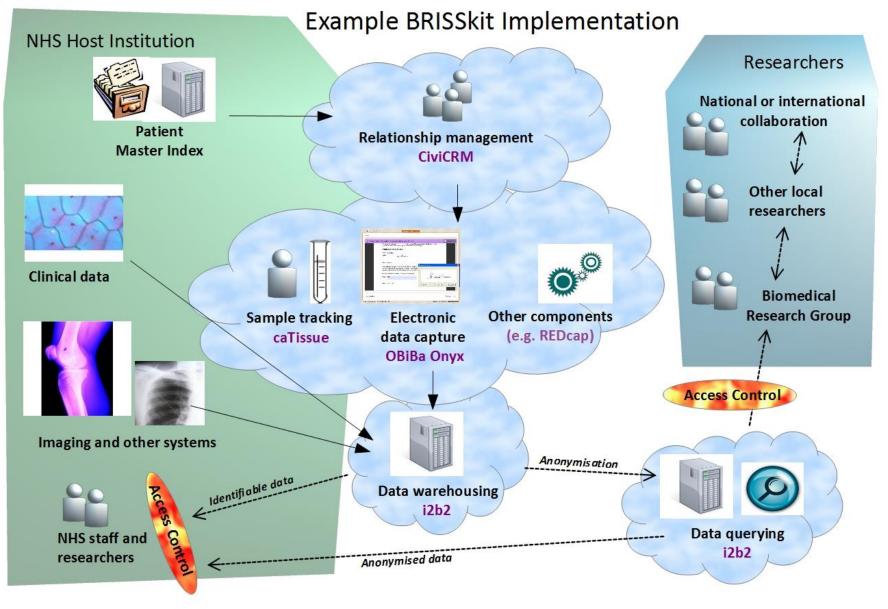
BRISSKit OpenSpecimen: sample management

OpenSpecimen 1.0	× +									- 5] ×
Catissue31:8080/openspeci	imen/Login.do?loginName=saj.iss	a@gmail.com&password=Login1234567				🔻 🤁 👻 Google		۵ 🖈 🖻	∔ ก	*	- ≡
OpenSpecimen by krishagni solutions				Quic	k search for	specimens, containers, and others E Containers Administration •	፼ <u>O</u> rders @ Qu Biobanking ▼		Based View Admin Ad	<u> </u>	ilk Upload
Collection Protocol	Watch Tutorial	Specimen Details E	vents View Ann	otation							
c1short	٣	Parent Label	1687j			Lineage	Aliquot				
Participant		* Label	168_6n			Barcode	1_1999888				
Issa,(1_1)		* Class	Cell	*		* Туре	Fixed Cell Block		*		
		* Tissue Site	Not Specified	~		* Tissue Side	Not Specified		*		
Register Participant	View Participant	* Pathological Status	Not Specified	*		Created On		[DD-MM-YYYY]			
Specimen Tree		* Initial Quantity	1.0 cell count			Concentration Available Quantity		µg/µl cell count			
■ ● T0: E2: 15-04-2014		* Collection Status	Collected	~		Activity Status					
		* Storage Position	Virtually Located		∰ E <mark>=</mark>	-			•		
 Cell(Fixed Cell Block) 		Comments			•	Holds data on	prima	ry, d	eriv	ed	
 Cell(Fixed Cell Block) Cell(Fixed Cell Block) Cell(Fixed Cell Block) Cell(Fixed Cell Block) 		External Identifier(s) Add New			and aliquot specimen, including						
		Biohazard(s)	Add New		linear and 2d barcodes						
		Create Child Specimen(s)				C1					
		None Aliquot Derivative	As per Protocol		•	Storage invent			trad	CKII	ng
		Print Labels			e.g. 30,000+ NIHR UHL						
		Submit Add To Specimen List			Cardiovascular Biomedical						
					Research Unit samples stored						
						and recorded					
🌣 ၉ 📦 🖻) ()	E	<u>s</u>		1.				14:44 /11/2014

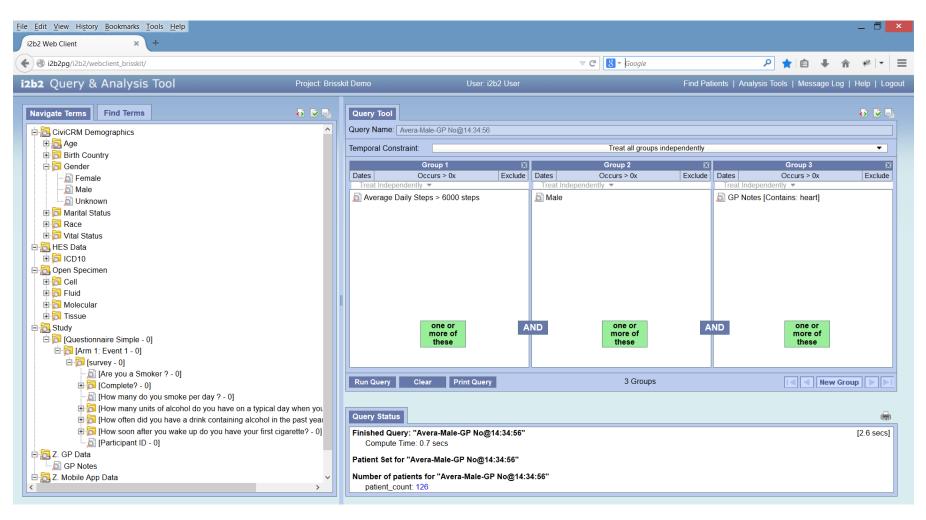


BRISSKit RedCap: survey management

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tool	Is <u>H</u> elp	_ 🗇 🗙
	4.4/Design/online_designer.php?pid=6&page=survey	83 - Google 👂 ☆ 🖨 🥐 - 🗧
REDCap™	Questionnaire Simple	
 Logged in as admin Log out My Projects Project Home Project Setup Project status: Development 	Project Setup Doline Designer If Upload Data Dictionary VIDEO: How to use this page This page allows you to build and customize your data collection instruments one field at a time. You may add new fields or edit existing	Web-based, secure
Data Collection Edit Instruments Invite Participants - Get a public survey link or build a participant list for inviting respondents Add or View Survey Responses - Wew any survey responses collected so far or manually add a new response Open survey Emal survey link	ones. New fields may be added by clicking the Add Question buttons. You can begin editing an existing field by clicking on the <i>S</i> Edit icon. If you decide that you do not want to keep a field, you can simply delete it by clicking on the S Delete icon. To reorder the fields, simply drag and drop a field to a different position within the form below. <u>NOTE: While in development status</u> , all field changes will take effect immediately in real time. Rather than building your survey from scratch, you may instead download one from the REDCap Shared Library . Download a new instrument from the REDCap Shared Library. (NOTE: The questions included in the downloaded instrument will completely replace all survey questions below.)	questionnaire data entry by research or nursing staff
Applications Calendar Calendar Data Export Tool	Add Question Add Matrix of Questions	E.g. used for all patient recruits in NIHR UHL
Data Import Tool Data Comparison Tool Data Comparison Tool Data Comparison Tool Description File Repository Sever Rights Record Locking Customization E-signature and Locking Mgmt	Variable: aunits Image: Second system 1-2 Image: Second system 3-4 How many units of alcohol do you have on a typical day when you are drinking? 5-6 Image: Second system 7-8 Image: Image: Second system 9+ reset 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Respiratory Biomedical Research Unit - mobile
Graphical Data View & Stats Data Quality API Report Builder	Add Question Add Matrix of Questions Image: Constraint of the second	computing on wards and outpatient clinic
Help & Information Help & FAQ Video Tutorials	How often did you have a drink containing alcohol in the past year? 4 times per week 4 times per week 4 or more times per week reset	14:37



BRISSKit i2b2: data warehousing & querying



Data from multiple data sources combined into multiple ontologies for flexible and sophisticated searching, cohort discovery and research

BRISSKit USPs

- Integrated support for core research processes
- Well-established mature open source applications as protoyped in e.g. Cardiovascular: fully UK customised
- A platform for seamless management and integration between applications
- An API allows integration with existing clinical systems
- Easy set up, use and administration through browser (including on mobile devices)
- Capability of being hosted in any compliant cloud provider including UHL (NHS information governance)
- Direct secure links through Jisc via Janet network





BRISSKit Funding & Partners

- New HEFCE/Jisc investment approved for 2014 2016
 - Jisc endorsed service
 - Co-design with reorganised Jisc
 - Key Janet Framework partners Farr, Crick, Infinity
- University of Leicester Cancer Biobank
 - Tissue sample management built on caTissue, OpenSpecimen
- NIHR Respiratory Biomedical Research Unit solutions: University Hospitals Leicester NHS Trust
 - linked to UoL Health Sciences Exceed Study
 - Links to Loughborough-Leicester Lifestyle BRU



BRISSKit highlighted collaborations

- **University of Bristol** ullet
 - **ALSPAC Birth Cohort Studies**
 - DataShield: simultaneous remote, secure access to multiple large international cohorts
 - SAIL-Farr secure NHS data hosting
- **University Hospitals Leicester NHS Trust** •
 - **Case Study Module Development**
 - **UoL Health Sciences Exceed Study**
 - NIHR BRUs: Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Lifestyle (Loughborough-Leicester)
 - Leicester Diabetes Centre
- UoL Data to Knowledge for Practice strategic theme •
 - **UoL Genomics, UHL NHS Trust IBM IT Partnership**







BRISSKit Information Governance <u>& Security Management Work Stream</u> <u>- Dr Andrew Burnham leading</u>

- Information Governance Toolkit analysis of Department of Health (DoH/NHS) IGT requirements vs. BRISSKit organisation/project and services/tools

 a) Hosted Secondary Use Team/project (<u>Hosted IGT</u>)
 b) Acute Trust (<u>Acute Trust IGT</u>)
- **2. IG Training Tool** (NHS University is registered)
- **3. Pseudonymisation** requirements
- 4. Data Management Plan
- 5. IT Security & standards Penetration Testing & Security Testing
- 6. Other **NHS Standards/Requirements**:
 - Care Records Guarantee
 - NHS Constitution
 - NHS Records Management
 - Patient Safety DSCN 14/2009, 18/2009

BRISSKit Jisc endorsed organisation

Dual model for sustainability proposed (e.g. Ubuntu):

- org foundation owns & maintains code
 - Trustee led
 - Educational
 - Core development
 - Code licensed by not-for-profit
- .com provides range of service offerings
 - Modular approaches and scalable tools with open source licenses make good investments
 - Partner with 3rd party technical support e.g. Krishagni (OpenSpecimen)
 - Corporate identity
 - Hosting via Janet/Infinity, SAIL (Farr), private



March 2015: i2b2 via public cloud (anon data)

- Users can now get free servers from public clouds, e.g. Amazon, Azure for Research etc
- In March 2015 BRISSKit users will be able to
 - deploy their own i2b2 virtual app onto their own cloud server
 - upload their data through .csv files default nominal ontology created
 - modify/align this ontology to standardised BioPortal codesets – e.g. SNOMED
 - perform queries on their data using the revised ontology through i2b2



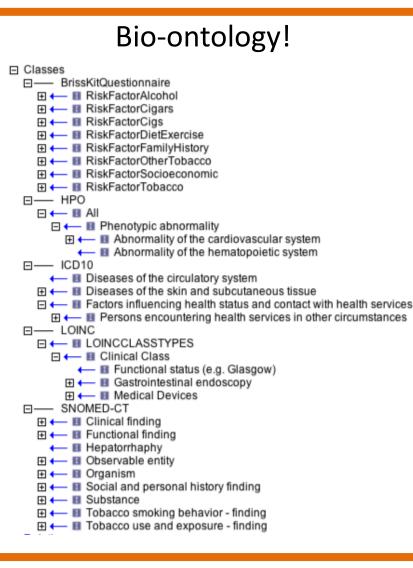


Research: the semantic bridge

Survey dat

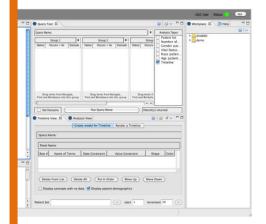
Records participa consent, questio data and primary specimen IDs

Participant	Interview	
Participant ID BP100112928 First Name VICTORIA Last Name SEIDU	Start Date 26-05-2010 14:54 End Date 27-05-2010 10:27 Status Completed Cancel Print Reports	
Stages		
# Name	Status	
1 - Acute Verbal Consent for samp	oles collection × Skipped (Participant not an a	cute ad
2 - Participant Consent	Completed	
3 - Paper Consent	 Completed 	
4 - Recruitment Context	 Completed 	
5 - Risk Factor	 Completed 	
6 - Samples Preliminary	 Completed 	
7 - Blood Samples Collection	 Completed 	
8 - Urine Sample Collection	Completed	
9 - End of Patient Contact	🖌 Completed	
10 - Medical History	 Completed 	
11 - Data Submission	🖌 Completed	
12 - Conclusion	Completed	
	Exit this interview	
	Exit this interview	



2 data query

rt selection and querying



Towards an i2b2 NHS community

- With datasets uploaded into a range of i2b2 instances
- Users will be able to publish their i2b2 datasets
- A community of public cloud i2b2 users will emerge, within which users can publish, exchange and augment data and ontologies
- These merged datasets can then be used to service NHS-wide cohort search, selection and quality management
- Re-identification of cohorts will remain with original sources of i2b2 data



BRISSKit Community Event & Health Research Hack: Public Cloud i2b2, 23-24 Feb • 2015, College Court, Leicester Co-located European i2b2 Community User Group Meeting + BRISSKit • Leicester June/July 2015! DATA KNOWLEDGE PRACTICE BOOK NOW Follow us: HOME ABOUT THE CENTRE NEWS YOUR VISIT LEARNING CONTACT DYNASTY DEATH AND DISCOVERY Home » About The Centre » An incredible discovery An incredible discovery BOOK TICKETS To make sure you can visit the Centre at a time that suits you, we strongly recommend you book tickets in advance. It's quick and easy to book online EXPERIENCE THE LEGEND University of Leicester University Hospitals of Leicester NHS

NHS Trust

BRISSKit Hack: Public Cloud i2b2 Focus

- <u>http://www.brisskit.le.ac.uk/node/35</u>
- created ideas pre and post event via <u>healthresearchhack</u> google group
- 6 hack solutions in 2 days using BRISSKit stack, e.g.
 - i2b2 integration using demo data from HES and cancer research clinical trials data (UCL, Birmingham, Goettingen, Leicester)
 - smartphone app to scan v.tiny barcodes from the end of sample vials and import info into caTissue
 - integrate CiviCRM study management and REDCap questionnaire tool (UHL Respiratory BRU)
 - create a simple CiviCRM study creator as a Drupal plugin







Sign up to www.jiscmail.ac.uk/brisskit-announce



Biomedical research software as a service BRISSKit A Jisc funded project

